1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Hesse ULTRA-WHITE-OIL OB 52842-0770

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/preparation

Surface treatment of wood and other materials

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

Hesse GmbH & Co. KG
Warendorfer Strasse 21
59075 Hamm (Germany)

Telephone no.	+49 (0) 2381 963-00
Fax no.	+49 (0) 2381 963-849
E-mail address	ps@hesse-lignal.de

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Germany: +49 (0) 2381 788-612

2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)

This product is not classified hazardous in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Supplemental information

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.

Further supplemental information

Cleaning cloth soaked with the product can self ignite during packing up, therefore dry the cloth on a line or through spreading and dispose of after dry up.

2.3. Other hazards

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB) (if not listed in Section 3).

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Hazardous ingredients

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

CAS No.	64742-48-9				
EINECS no.	919-857-5				
Registration no.	01-2119463258-33				
Concentration	>=	25	<	50	%

Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Asp. Tox. 1 H304

alkanes, cycloalkanes, C11-14-iso-
EINECS no. 927-285-2
Registration no. 01-2119480162-45
Concentration >= 10 < 25 %
Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Asp. Tox. 1 H304

2-ethylhexanoic acid zirconium salt
CAS No. 22464-99-9
EINECS no. 245-018-1
Registration no. 01-2119979088-21
Concentration >= 0,1 < 1 %
Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Repr. 2 H361d

Note
For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information
In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. First aider: Pay attention to self-protection! Remove affected person from danger area, lay him down.

After inhalation
In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. Keep warm, calm and covered up. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

After skin contact
Wash off immediately with soap and water. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Consult a doctor if skin irritation persists.

After eye contact
Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. Take medical treatment.

After ingestion
Do not induce vomiting. Take medical treatment.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. High concentration of vapours may cause irritation to eyes and respiratory system and produce narcotic effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Hints for the physician / treatment
Treat symptomatically.

5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray/mist

Non suitable extinguishing media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire will produce dense black smoke. In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Vapours can form an explosive mixture with air.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighting

In case of combustion evolution of dangerous gases possible. Use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Other information

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Standard procedure for chemical fires.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not inhale vapours. Do not inhale gases. Do not inhale mist.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drains or waterways. Do not allow to enter soil, waterways or waste water canal. In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly with water and detergents, observing environmental regulations. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Send in suitable containers for recovery or disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. Keep container tightly closed and dry in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use only with adequate ventilation/personal protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Provide for sufficient ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust or general exhaust air collection. Wear a suitable respirator if the ventilation is not sufficient to keep the solvent vapour concentration below the occupational limit values. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour and spray mist. Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use personal protective clothing. For personal protection see Section 8.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Vapours can form an explosive mixture with air. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Wear shoes with conductive soles. No sparking tools should be used. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Do not process in the same cabin together with highly flammable material (e.g. CN lacquer) => fire hazard through self ignition! Cleaning cloth soaked with the product can self ignite during packing up, therefore dry the cloth on a line or through spreading and dispose of after dry up.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Provide solvent-resistant and impermeable floor. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Hints on storage assembly

Store away from oxidising agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

Storage classes

Storage class according to TRGS 510	10	Flammable liquids

Further information on storage conditions

Keep away from heat. Protect from sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See exposure scenario, if available.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limit values

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

Value	1200	mg/m³

Status: 01/2020

Other information

-

Derived No/Minimal Effect Levels (DNEL/DMEL)

2-ethylhexanoic acid zirconium salt

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Workers (industrial)	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	32,97	mg/m³

Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)
Reference group	Workers (industrial)
Duration of exposure	Long-term
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure

Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	6,49	mg/kg/d
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Oral exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	4,51	mg/kg/d
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	inhalative	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	8,13	mg/m³
Type of value	Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	
Reference group	Consumer	
Duration of exposure	Long-term	
Route of exposure	Dermal exposure	
Mode of action	Systemic effects	
Concentration	3,25	mg/kg/d

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

2-ethylhexanoic acid zirconium salt

Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Freshwater	
Concentration	0,36	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Saltwater	
Concentration	0,036	mg/l
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Fresh water sediment	
Concentration	6,37	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	saltwater sediment	
Concentration	0,637	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Soil	
Concentration	1,06	mg/kg
Type of value	PNEC	
Type	Sewage treatment plant (STP)	
Concentration	71,7	mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Exposure controls

Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values. Provide for sufficient ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust or general exhaust air collection. Wear a suitable respirator if the ventilation is not sufficient to keep the solvent vapour concentration below the occupational limit values.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection not applicable; Use breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/aerosol.
Recommended Filter type: Respiratory protection mask with combination filter A/P2

Hand protection

Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Glove material

Appropriate Material	Nitrile rubber		
Material thickness	>=	0,4	mm
Breakthrough time	>=	30	min

This recommendation is valid only for the product named in this safety data sheet supplied by us, and only for the indicated intended use purposes.
For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.
The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.
The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.
Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/ chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Eye protection

Wear eye glasses with side protection according to EN 166.

Body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Remove contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form liquid
Colour white
Odour mild

Odour threshold
Remarks not determined

Melting point
Remarks not determined

Freezing point
Remarks not determined

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Value		159	to	250	°C

Flash point

Value	>	60	°C

Evaporation rate

Remarks	not determined				

Flammability (solid, gas)

not determined

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Remarks	not determined				

Vapour pressure

Remarks	not determined				

Vapour density

Remarks	not determined				

Density

Value	appr.	1,003			kg/l
Temperature		20	°C		

Solubility in water

Remarks	not determined				

Solubility(ies)

Remarks	not determined				

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Remarks	not determined				

Ignition temperature

Remarks	not determined				

Decomposition temperature

Remarks	not determined				

Viscosity

Remarks	not determined				

Efflux time

Value		27	to	38	s
Temperature		20	°C		
Method	DIN 53211 4 mm				

Explosive properties

evaluation	not determined				

Oxidising properties

Remarks	not determined				

9.2. Other information

Non-volatile content

Value		50,3			%
Method	calculated value				

Other information

This information is not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Isolate from sources of heat, sparks and open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials
Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide, nitrous oxides (NOx), dense black smoke, No decomposition if used as prescribed.

11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute inhalational toxicity

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitization

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproduction toxicity (Components)

2-ethylhexanoic acid zirconium salt

evaluation	Toxic to Reproduction Category 2

Carcinogenicity

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)

Single exposure

Method	Calculation method (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)
Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Repeated exposure

Remarks	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Other information

No toxicological data are available.

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

General information

For this subsection there is no ecotoxicological data available on the product as such.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

General information

For this subsection there is no ecotoxicological data available on the product as such.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

General information

For this subsection there is no ecotoxicological data available on the product as such.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Remarks	not determined

12.4. Mobility in soil

General information

For this subsection there is no ecotoxicological data available on the product as such.

Mobility in soil

no data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

General information

For this subsection there is no ecotoxicological data available on the product as such.

12.6. Other adverse effects

General information

For this subsection there is no ecotoxicological data available on the product as such.

General information / ecology

For this subsection there is no ecotoxicological data available on the product as such.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations for the product

EWC waste code	080111 - waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
EWC waste code	200127 - paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing dangerous substances

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.
Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

modified product

EWC waste code	080113 - sludges from paint or varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
EWC waste code	080115 - aqueous sludges containing paint or varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

Dried residues

EWC waste code	080112 - waste lacquers and waste paint except those falling under 080111

Disposal recommendations for packaging

EWC waste code	150110 - packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

Completely emptied packagings can be given for recycling.

14. Transport information

	Land transport ADR/RID	Marine transport IMDG/GGVSee	Air transport ICAO/IATA
14.1. UN number	Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.	Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of sea and air transport regulations.	Not a dangerous substance as defined in the above regulations.

15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC

VOC (EU)	49,5	%	497	g/l

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For this substance / mixture a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

16. Other information

Hazard statements listed in Chapter 3

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

CLP categories listed in Chapter 3

Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1

Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2

Abbreviations

ADR - Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
RID - Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning theInternational Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
IMDG - International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA - International Air Transport Association
IATA-DGR - Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)
ICAO-TI - Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)
GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
GefStoffV - Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany)
LOAEL - Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOEL - Lowest Observed Effect Level
NOAEL - No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL - No Observed Effect Level
OECD - Organisation for Econpmic Cooperation and Development
VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds
Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin (***). This version replaces all previous versions.
This safety datasheet only contains information relating to safety and does not replace any product information or product specification.
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification.
The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.
The information contained herein is based on the present state of our knowledge and does therefore not guarantee certain properties.